

Racial Equity Impact Assessment GUIDE

Below are sample questions to use to anticipate, assess and prevent potential adverse consequences of proposed actions on different racial groups.

1. IDENTIFYING STAKEHOLDERS

Which racial/ethnic groups may be most affected by and concerned with the issues related to this proposal?

2. ENGAGING STAKEHOLDERS

Have stakeholders from different racial/ethnic groups—especially those most adversely affected—been informed, meaningfully involved and authentically represented in the development of this proposal? Who's missing and how can they be engaged?

3. I IDENTIFYING AND DOCUMENTING RACIAL INEQUITIES

Which racial/ethnic groups are currently most advantaged and most disadvantaged by the issues this proposal seeks to address? How are they affected differently? What quantitative and qualitative evidence of inequality exists? What evidence is missing or needed?

4. EXAMINING THE CAUSES

What factors may be producing and perpetuating racial inequities associated with this issue? How did the inequities arise? Are they expanding or narrowing? Does the proposal address root causes? If not, how could it?

5. CLARIFYING THE PURPOSE

What does the proposal seek to accomplish? Will it reduce disparities or discrimination

6. CONSIDERING ADVERSE IMPACTS

What adverse impacts or unintended consequences could result from this policy? Which racial/ethnic groups could be negatively affected? How could adverse impacts be prevented or minimized?

7. ADVANCING EQUITABLE IMPACTS

What positive impacts on equality and inclusion, if any, could result from this proposal? Which racial/ethnic groups could benefit? Are there further ways to maximize equitable opportunities and impacts?

8. EXAMINING ALTERNATIVES OR IMPROVEMENTS

Are there better ways to reduce racial disparities and advance racial equity? What provisions could be changed or added to ensure positive impacts on racial equity and inclusion?

9. ENSURING VIABILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY

Is the proposal realistic, adequately funded, with mechanisms to ensure successful implementation and enforcement. Are there provisions to ensure ongoing data collection, public reporting, stakeholder participation and public accountability?

10. IDENTIFYING SUCCESS INDICATORS

What are the success indicators and progress benchmarks? How will impacts be documented and evaluated? How will the level, diversity and quality of ongoing stakeholder engagement be assessed?



Racial Equity Impact Assessment

What are Racial Equity Impact Assessments?

A Racial Equity Impact Assessment (REIA) is a systematic examination of how different racial and ethnic groups will likely be affected by a proposed action or decision. REIAs are used to minimize unanticipated adverse consequences in a variety of contexts, including the analysis of proposed policies, institutional practices, programs, plans and budgetary decisions. The REIA can be a vital tool for preventing institutional racism and for identifying new options to remedy long-standing inequities.

Why are they needed?

REIAs are used to reduce, eliminate and prevent racial discrimination and inequities. The persistence of deep racial disparities and divisions across society is evidence of institutional racism—the routine, often invisible and unintentional, production of inequitable social opportunities and outcomes. When racial equity is not consciously addressed, racial inequality is often unconsciously replicated.

When should it be conducted?

REIAs are best conducted during the decision-making process, prior to enacting new proposals. They are used to inform decisions, much like environmental impact statements, fiscal impact reports and workplace risk assessments.

Where are they in use?

The use of REIAs in the U.S. is relatively new and still somewhat limited, but new interest and initiatives are on the rise. The United Kingdom has been using them with success for nearly a decade.

EXAMPLES OF RACIAL JUSTICE EQUITY IMPACTS

Equity and Social Justice Initiative

King County, WA

The county government is using an Equity Impact Review Tool to intentionally consider the promotion of equity in the development and implementation of key policies, programs and funding decisions.

Race and Social Justice Initiative

Seattle, WA

City Departments are using a set of Racial Equity Analysis questions as filters for policy development and budget making.

Minority Impact Statements

Iowa and Connecticut

Both states have passed legislation which requires the examination of the racial and ethnic impacts of all new sentencing laws prior to passage. Commissions have been created in Illinois and Wisconsin to consider adopting a similar review process. Related measures are being proposed in other states, based on a model developed by the Sentencing Project.

Proposed Racial Equity Impact Policy

St Paul MN

If approved by the city council, a Racial Equity Impact Policy would require city staff and developers to compile a "Racial Equity Impact Report" for all development projects that receive a public subsidy of \$100,000 or more.

Race Equality Impact Assessments

United Kingdom

Since 2000, all public authorities required to develop and publish race equity plans must assess proposed policies using a Race Equality Impact Assessment, a systematic process for analysis.





WHAT IS BUILD UP FOR SAN MATEO COUNTY'S CHILDREN?

- A new initiative designed to grow and improve the supply of child care and preschool facilities in San Mateo County.
- A response to SVCF's Child Care and Preschool Task Force recommendations.
- A coordinated, cross-agency initiative of paid staff, volunteer community advocates, and a high-level, cross-sector Advisory Body working with cities, developers, employers, school districts, and faithbased organizations to increase child care.

www.buildupsmc.com





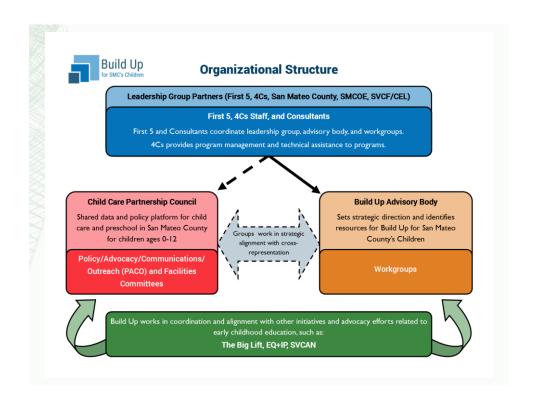


Build Up has **the following goals**, mapped to the SVCF Child Care and Preschool Facilities Task Force recommendations:

- 1. Work across sectors to **reuse/re-designate existing space** to increase the number of early learning spaces.
- 2. Work with **cities and the county** on policies and incentives to **prioritize child care in future developments**.
- 3. **Engage large employers** to create new child care facilities for their employees.
- 4. **Generate revenue** for facility development, and assist providers in drawing down existing funds.

www.buildupsmc.com

MULTI-SECTOR SOLUTIONS • Using vacant space for child care and preschool School • Providing on-campus child care for employees **Districts** • Including preschool in bond initiatives **City & County** Government Faith-based • Extending mission through child care and preschool programming • Leasing unused space to child care operators Community • Adopting family friendly policies, child care benefits, & on-site child **Employers** Investing corporate social responsibility dollars in early learning and child care initiatives Philanthropy • Hosting cross-sector convenings Funding Build Up staff www.buildupsmc.com



WELCOME TO BUILD UP'S NEW DIRECTOR Christine Padilla

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BUILD UP ACTIVITIES







BUILD UP CITY & COUNTY OUTREACH PLAN

Build Up works with cities and the County on policies and incentives to prioritize child care in future

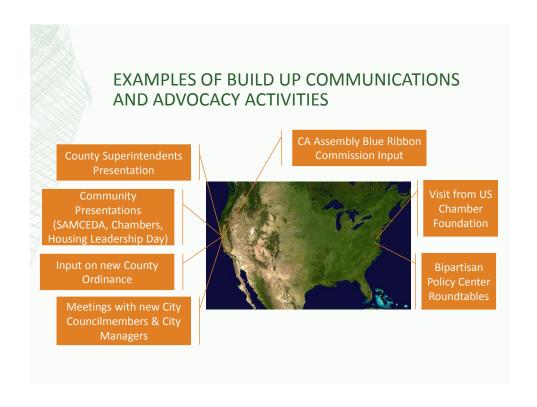
- Objective: Make municipalities aware of child care and preschool shortages, while encouraging and assisting them to make positive changes in partnership with Build Up.
- Added Benefit: Build community awareness and support by highlighting the complexities and connections child care has to the County's overall wellbeing and function.
- Process: Outreach to individual cities and towns on a case-by-case basis, acknowledging that each municipality may be in a different place on child care issues. Outreach to include: one-on-one meetings with city leadership, acting as a resource to city staff, formal presentations to City Councils and/or Commissions, and offering public comment on specific issues/developments.

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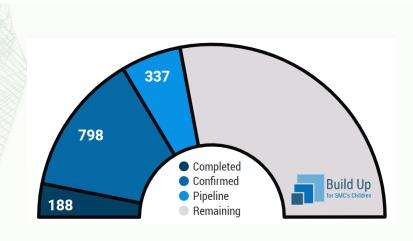


SAN MATEO COUNTY CITIES BY PRIORITY

- Priority 1: Daly City, East Palo Alto, Foster City, Menlo Park, Millbrae, Pacifica, Redwood City, San Bruno, South San Francisco, San Mateo, and San Mateo County including North Fair Oaks and Pescadero
- Priority 2: Brisbane, Half Moon Bay, San Carlos
- Priority 3: Belmont, Burlingame and Colma
- Priority 4: Atherton, Hillsborough, Portola Valley and Woodside







2020 target = **3,000** new spaces

536 existing spaces preserved in the community

Count of spaces from April 2017 to December 2018



At least 13 active projects that need funding to proceed.

Total need = > \$12 million. ~500 new spaces

Projects in: Daly City, East Palo Alto, Half Moon Bay, Menlo Park, Redwood City, San Bruno and San Mateo.

Funding Needs:

- 1. New facility (~\$3-4 million/project)
- 2. New portables (~\$1 million/project)
- 3. Renovation of existing facility (\$100k-\$400k/project)
- 4. Add used portable (~\$100k)
- 5. Playground renovation (~\$50k)



- Grant from Gilead Sciences, Inc., \$50k
- Anonymous Donor, Silicon Valley Community Foundation, \$250k



